2015年普通高等学校全国统一考试（安徽卷）

英语答案解析

第Ⅰ卷

第一部分 听力

第一节

1.【答案】A

【解析】原文：W: What time is your train leaving?

M: It leaves at 10.I've got 50minutes left.

W: You'd better hurry, or you won't be able to catch it.

2.【答案】C

【解析】原文：M: Nice weather we're having! Don't you think?

W: No, it is too cold.

M: I think it is just right.

W. I'd prefer a few degrees warmer.

3.【答案】A

【解析】原文：M: Now, let's stop talking and get going I need to be in my office in 15 minutes or I'll be late for a meeting

W OK Bye!

4.【答案】B

【解析】原文：M: This course is really difficult.

W: I don't think it's all that bad and we'll benefit a lot from it.

M: So you're taking it too.

W: That's true.

5.【答案】C

【解析】原文：W: Could you turn that off? I can't hear myself think!

M: What'?

W: The radio.

M: Oh, sorry.

6.【答案】A

7.【答案】B

【解析】原文：W: Hi, Michael. I heard you just came back from a holiday?

M: Yes. I stayed for a week in China and days in India

W: You do travel a lot, don't you? Last year, you went to Norway, right?

M: Well, I've been to quite some countries, but not yet to Norway. Last summer, I toured R 11ia for two weeks.

8.【答案】B

9.【答案】C

【解析】原文：M: Sally, do you like seafood?

W: Yes, of course.

M: Is there anything you especially like?

W: Well, I really don't know. I can never remember the name.

M: Ok. Is there any food you don't eat?

W: Well, I don't eat chicken, and I don't like eggs, either. But I like all kinds of fish and vegetable.

M: Then, let's look at the menu, and see what they've got for us.

10【答案】B

【答案】A

【答案】B

【解析】原文：M: You look pale, Stephanie! What's wrong?

W: I don’t feel good I have a bad headache. In fact, I haven't got much sleep this past week and I feel really tired

M: Why don't you go to see a doctor?

W: Yeah, I think is should. But l have are report due tomorrow Ms. Jenkins means it for the board meeting next Monday.

M: Well, it's Wednesday today Why don't you talk to Ms. Jenkins and ask if you can hand it in on Friday morning?

W: Maybe I should try. I guess I just need a good sleep. Thanks, Gorge.

M: If you need any help for the report just let me know.

13.【答案】C

14.【答案】A

15.【答案】B

16.【答案】C

【解析】原文：W: Anything interesting in the paper today, dear?

M: Well, yeah. There are a few here that might interest us. Here is one for just four hundred dollars.It only has one bedroom, but it sound nice near Lake Street

W: Yeah, let me see what the cheapest two-bedroom apartment is Oh, here is one on Market Street It’s a real bargain. Only 350 dollars. But it doesn't have any furniture

M: Well, I costs a lot to buy all the furniture

W: Oh, here is another one for just over four hundred dollars. This sounds very interesting. It's on South Street. That's a nice area!

M: Yes, it's quiet. Do you say two bedrooms?

W: Yes, at 415 dollars.

M: Why don't we go and have a look?

W: OK I'll give them a call.

17.【答案】B

18.【答案】A

19.【答案】A

20.【答案】C

【解析】原文：Look at this picture. It's the London Tea Trade centre. As you can see, it is or the North Bank of the River Thames. It is the center of an important industry in the everyday life of the British people. Tea is the British national drink. Every man, woman and Child over ten years of age, has on average over four cups a day ,or someone thousand five hundred cups annually. About 30 percent of the world's export of tea makes its way to London. And Britain is by far the largest importer of tea in the world. Now in the second picture, you can see how tea is tasted in the Tea Trade Centre before it is sold. Here, different types of tea are tasted by skilled tea-tasters before they are sold at each week's tea sale. It's amazing to see them at work! Over a hundred kinds of tea are laid out in a line on a long table. The tasters generally taste tea with milk, since that is how the majority of British people drink their tea, The tasters move down the line with surprising speed tasting from a spoon and deciding what is a fair price for each tea After that, they.

第二部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空

21.【答案】A

【解析】前者邀请对方周六参加聚会，由答语“I'm already going out，I’m afraid”可知，后者不能去了，表示可惜用what a pity，故选A。

【考点】情景交际。

22.【答案】D

【解析】语境表示“来中国参观能够体验到文化的厚重感和多样性”，故选D. experience此处用作及物动词，意思是“体验，经历”。develop发展；create创造；substitute代替，替代。

【考点】动词辨析。

23.【答案】C

【解析】前一分句“科学家对宇宙已经了解很多”与后一分句“依然有许多我们不知道的东西”在意义上存在转折关系，故用though引导让步状语从句。once“一旦”，引导时间状语从句；since自从，既然；unless“除非”，引导条件状语从句。

【考点】状语从句。

24.【答案】B

【解析】根据realized是一般过去时可知，leave这一动作发生在realized这一过去的动作之前，也就是“过去的过去”，故用过去完成时，因此B项正确。句意：我刚走到学校门口就意识到我把书落在咖啡馆里了。

【考点】动词的时态。

25.【答案】A

【解析】what ships are built for是表语从句，其中what在从句中作介词for的宾语。句意：船泊港湾固然安全，但这不是造船的初衷。

【考点】名词性从句。

26.【答案】C

【解析】由语境“他们帮助我快乐地度过这原本糟糕的一天”可知，说话者对这些志愿者很感激，故选C.be grateful to对…感激；be special to对…是特殊的；be superior to优越于；be attractive to对…有吸引力。

【考点】形容词辨析。

27.【答案】B

【解析】本句缺少主语。ignoring the difference between the two research findings是动名词短语，在句中作主语，故选B.句意：忽视这两项科研结果的差异将会是你犯的最严重的错误之一。

【考点】非谓语动词。

28.【答案】D

【解析】upon which school education depends是“介词＋关系代词”引导的定语从句，修饰先行词skill。其中depend on/upon是习惯搭配，意思是“依靠，依赖”。句意：一些专家认为阅读是学校教育依赖的基本的能力。

【考点】定语从句。

29.【答案】B

【解析】主语a space station是谓语动词build的承受者，用被动语态；时间状语in years to come表示的是将来的时间，故用一般将来时。因此本题应用一般将来时的被动语态，故B项正确。

【考点】动词的时态，语态。

30.【答案】A

【解析】由前句可知，说话者不让对方现在告诉自己答案，而是希望对方仔细思考后再给出答案。thought此处表示“思考”，符合语境。support支持；protection保护；authority权威。

【考点】名词辨析。

31.【答案】C

【解析】句意：他们给老年之家捐款，要么通过个人，要么通过公司。personally个人地；legally合法地；sincerely真诚地；deliberately故意地。

【考点】副词辨析。

32.【答案】C

【解析】or表示含蓄的条件，相当于虚拟条件句if we hadn't booked a room，表示与过去事实相反的假设。由句中的now可知，后半句表示的是与现在事实相反的假设，要用“would＋动词原形”表示，故选C.句意：幸亏我们预订了一个房间，要不然我们现在 就无处可住了。

【考点】虚拟语气。

33.【答案】D

【解析】out of date过时，落伍；out of order混乱，发生故障；around the corner即将到来，就在眼前；around the clock日夜不停。句意：他们相信交通发展即将到来，它们会带来很多更好的变化。故选D。

【考点】介词短语辨析。

34.【答案】A

【解析】where“在„„地方”，引导地点状语从句；as引导原因状语从句；in case“万一，以防万一”，引导让步状语从句；now that“既然”，引导原因状语从句。句中he once felt like giving up缺少地点状语，因此用where引导地点状语从句。句意：在他曾经想要放弃的地方，他现在有决心继续前行。

【考点】状语从句。

35.【答案】B

【解析】前者问后者这些天是否还在打乒乓球，由答语“I just don't seem to find the time these days”可知，后者这些天打乒乓球打得不多，故选B。

【考点】情景交际。

第二节 完形填空

36.【答案】D

【解析】key钥匙，关键；reason原因；project项目；problem问题。根据本句中的“is that countries around the world have growing，than ever before”可知，问题是世界各国都有不断增加的堆积如山的垃圾，因为人们正在丢弃比以往更多的垃圾。

37.【答案】B

【解析】gift礼物；rubbish垃圾；debt债务；product产品。根据本句中的“because people are throwing out more rubbish than ever before”可知，因为人们比以前丢弃更多的垃圾，所以世界各国都有不断增加的堆积如山的垃圾。

38.【答案】B

【解析】face面对，面临；become变得，变成；observe观察；change改变。这一段讲的是一次性物品充斥的社会是如何形成的。

39.【答案】C

【解析】hide隐藏；control控制；replace取代；withdraw收回。如今东西坏了，用新的取代旧的比花时间和金钱修理旧的更容易。

40.【答案】A

【解析】Thanks to多亏，幸亏；as to至于；except for除了；regardless of 不管，不顾。“现代制造业和科技”与“公司能够迅速而又廉价地生产物品”之间是因果关系，故用thanks to。

41.【答案】C

【解析】safe安全的；funny有趣的；cheap便宜的；powerful有力的。由上一句中的“„companies are able to produce products quickly and expensively。”可知，如今物品丰富且廉价。

42.【答案】A

【解析】love喜欢；lack缺乏；prevention阻止；division分隔，分开。由下一句中的“we are always looking for。to save time”可知一次性物品充斥的社会的形成还有一个原因，那就是人们对一次性物品的喜爱。

43.【答案】D

【解析】sensitive敏感的；kind善良的；brave勇敢的；busy忙碌的。由文中的“we are always looking for to save time”推断，如今人们都很忙。

44.【答案】A

【解析】way方法，方式；place地方；job工作；friend朋友。根据上下文可知，人们总是想方设法寻找节省时间的方法。

45.【答案】C

【解析】donate捐献；receive收到；produce生产；preserve保护。由“thousands of different kinds of disposable products”可知公司生产各种各样的一次性物品。

46.【答案】D

【解析】Adapt to适应；return to回到；respond to做出反应；contribute to导致，带来。现在的人喜新厌旧，这也导致了这一问题。

47.【答案】B

【解析】Be tired of对 厌烦；be addicted to沉溺于，对„„上瘾；be worried about对…感到担忧；be ashamed for因…感到羞愧。人们买新东西上瘾。

48.【答案】A

【解析】由“we will be happier with the latest products”可知，广告向人们灌输这种观点：越新越好，故填newer。

49.【答案】D

【解析】Pick up拾起，捡起；pay for付款；hold onto紧紧抓住；throw away丢弃。人们不停地买新东西，其结果是有用的东西被丢弃。

50.【答案】D

【解析】advantage优势；purpose意图；function功能；consequence后果。由后句“Mountains of rubbish just keep getting bigger”可知，这一句讲的是这种生活方式带来的后果。

51.【答案】C

【解析】show显示；record记录；decrease减少；measure丈量。政府要求人们循环再利用，目的是减少垃圾，保护环境。

52.【答案】B

【解析】technology科技；environment环境；consumer消费者；brand品牌。循环再利用的目的是减少垃圾，保护环境。

53.【答案】A

【解析】however然而；otherwise否则；therefore因此；meanwhile与此同时。上下句之间是转折的关系，因此用however。为了减少垃圾，保护环境，政府要求人们循环再利用材料。但是，仅仅这样做还不足以解决我们的问题。

54.【答案】D

【解析】东西坏了可以修理，而不是将它们扔掉。故用介词短语instead of，意为“而不是”

55.【答案】A

【解析】spend花费；collect收集；repair修理；advertise做广告。由下一句“Repairing our possessions and changing our spending habits”可知，我们应该重新考虑对待花钱的态度。

第三部分 阅读理解

56.【答案】C

【解析】细节理解题。由Nearpod部分的“for students to learn vocabulary”可知，Nearpod可以用来学习词汇，故选C。

57.【答案】D

【解析】细节理解题。由Prezi部分的“draw students' attention to speaking more fluently”可知，要想提高说的技能，学员应该去602室。

58.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由Kahoot部分的“Kahoot software can be used to create grammar tests which can be graded on a network”可知，Kahoot可以检测学员的语法知识。

59.【答案】C

【解析】细节理解题。老师可以使用TEO进行在线教学，而介绍TEO的课程时间是2:00pm to 3:00pm，因此，想学习在线教学的老师应该在下午两点前到。

60.【答案】A

【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段的内容，特别是“This lesson about family unity”可知，妈妈这样做是要告诉孩子们团结的力量。故选A。

61.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由第二段中的“they didn't have much money”可知他们离开越南时，没有很多钱。故答案为B。

62.【答案】C

【解析】推理判断题。由第三段中的“Even though family members sometimes disagreed with each other，they worked together to make the business successful”和Daughter Elizabeth说的话可知，这五个女儿没有忘记妈妈的教诲，团结一心，把生意越做越大。

63.【答案】D

【解析】主旨大意题。文章通过讲述来自越南的An家族靠着三代人团结一心，在美国成就了一番大事业的故事告诉我们：团结就是力量。D项最能概括文章大意。

64.【答案】A

【解析】写作意图题。文章开头首先问了两个问题，目的是引出本文的主题句，也就是首段的最后一句“Experts are wondering if the Internet is changing what we remember and how”故选A。

65.【答案】C

【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句“People in the first group knew they could find the information again，so they did not try to remember it”可知，第一组人没有想着去记住那些信息，故选C。

66.【答案】D

【解析】细节理解题。第三段最后两句“Rather，they remember how to find it。This is called transactive memory(交互记忆)”对交互记忆进行了解释说明。由此可知D项正确。

67.【答案】A

【解析】推理判断题。根据文章最后一句中的“there is no doubt that the way we use memory is changing”可知，我们使用记忆的方式在改变，故A正确。由最后一段中的“This doesn't mean we are becoming either more or less intelligent”可知，B不正确；由最后一段第一句可知C不正确；由最后一段倒数第二句可知D不正确。

68.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由首段中的“They also live nearly everywhere，except on frozen mountain tops and around the poles”可知蚂蚁不能在南北极生活，故B正确。

69.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由第二段中的“Where we use sound and sight to communicate，ants depend primarily on pheromones(外激素)”可知，蚂蚁用外激素传递信息。故选B。

70.【答案】D

【解析】词义猜测题。由第三段中的“when it comes to the art of war，ants have no equal They are completely fearless”和“will sacrifice their lives to help defeat an enemy”等信息可知，蚂蚁在外敌入侵时，无论敌人多强大，都会奋起还击。由此可知，句中的take on表示“反抗”。故选D。

71.【答案】A

【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段中的“Behaving in this selfless and devoted manner，these little creatures have survived”可知，蚂蚁之所以能长久生存在地球上是因为它们的行为。故选A。

72.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由第一段中的“Sharing bread promote unity and trust”可知，分享食物有助于团结，故B正确。

73.【答案】B

【解析】细节理解题。由第三段中的“A coin is put into the cake，which signifies(预示)success in the New Year for the person who receives it”可知，吃到这枚硬币的人在新的一年里会取得成功。故选B。

74.【答案】A

【解析】篇章结构题。为了说明食物在庆祝活动中扮演的重要角色，作者分别列举了美国南部、希腊、中国等地的不同做法。故选A。

75.【答案】D

【解析】主旨大意题。文章首句就点明了主题“Food serves as a form of communication”，紧接着作者通过举例来说明食物在庆祝活动中扮演的重要角色，最后首尾呼应，点明主题“food is such an important part of different cultures around the world.”。由此可知，这篇文章主要讲述的是食物在文化交流中的重要作用。故选D。

第Ⅱ卷

第四部分 写作

第一节 任务型写作

76.【答案】Deal

【解析】文章最后一句“it is actually a very big deal！”点明了主题。

77.【答案】first

【解析】文章第一段中的strangers和第二段中的new people说的都是第一次(first)见面的人。

78.【答案】Benefits/Advantages

【解析】这里概括的是闲聊的好处。

79.【答案】new

【解析】由文章第三段首句中“build new friendships”可知答案。

80.【答案】job/position/post

【解析】文章第四段中的get hired意思是“找到工作，得到职位”。

81.【答案】shared

【解析】根据文章第五段中的“that you share with the other person。”可知，空中应该填share的某种形式。这里shared with the other person是过去分词短语作后臵定语，修饰topics，表示被动。

82.【答案】asking/raising

【解析】由文章第六段中的“ask questions to show interest”可知，这里表示“提问”。由于所填单词在句中作介词by的宾语，故用动名词。

83.【答案】trust

【解析】由倒数第三段中的“It makes you appear honest and builds trust”可知答案。

84.【答案】Practice/Practise

【解析】由倒数第二段中的“with more practice，small talk does get easier”以及表格中的句子结构可知，这里应该填practice的动词原形，构成祈使句。

85.【答案】matters/means

【解析】由文章最后一段中的“small talk is anything but small”可知，作者认为，闲聊真的很重要(matter)，或者说，闲聊对我们很有意义(mean)。

第二节 书面表达

【答案】**A famous Chinese I would like to interview**

The person I would like to interview is Yang Liwei.

I would really like to interview him because he is not only the first Chinese to go to space but also one of the greatest astronauts in the word. I have long been interested in space explore action and I believe I could learn a great deal from him about it.

If I could interview him, I would ask him what made him an astronaut and how he was trained. I would also like to know how he felt in space and whether space travel is such great fun as I have read. Finally, I would like to ask a few questions about his personal life, which must be very interesting.